Sociology 355 - Introduction to Social Network Analysis - Fall 2012

Prof. Marin

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Class Time: T 12-2

Location: UC140

Web Page: portal.utoronto.ca

Office Hours: M 3-5

COURSE DESCRIPTION

We've all heard it said, "It's not what you know; it's who you know." *Social Network Analysis*, is the study of who you know, who *they* know, and why it matters. You will learn how social network differ from one another and how different kinds of networks relate to important sociological topics like inequality, crime, health, immigration, community, and work.

The prerequisite to take this course is successful completion of a level 200 sociology course, without exception. Students not having the prerequisite can be removed at any time without notice.

COURSE GOALS

After completing this course, students should be able to:

- i) Describe how social network analysts view the social world and use this perspective to ask sociological questions.
- ii) Describe the properties social networks tend to have and explain the sources of these properties.
- iii) Describe how different kinds of networks are related to sociologically significant outcomes.
- iv) Develop hypotheses about how different types of social networks might be expected to relate to causes or outcomes of interest.

REQUIREMENTS AND GRADING

Total	100%
Final Exam	30%
Research Proposal	20%
Tests 1	25%
Assignment 1	25%

READINGS

Readings are available though the University of Toronto libraries.

Week#		Course Outline		
1	Sept. 11	Course Introduction	No Reading Assignment	
2	Sept. 18	Theorizing Structurally	Blau, Melinda. 2009. Consequential Strangers. New York: W.W. Norton. Chapter 1. Smith-Lovin, Lynn and J. Miller McPherson, 1993, "You Are Who You Know: A Network Approach to Gender," in Paula England ed., Theory on Gender / Feminism on Theory, Hawthorne, NY: Aldine de Gruyter, 223-251. Burt, Ronald. 2010. Neighbour Networks: Competitive Advantage Local and Personal. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Chapter 1.	
3	Sept. 25	Where do Social Networks Come From? What do They Look Like?	Buchanan, Mark. 2002. Nexus: Small Worlds and the Groundbreaking Theory of Networks. New York: Norton. Chapter 3. Marsden. Peter. 1987. Core Discussion Networks of Americans. American Sociological Review. 52:122-131 Feld, Scott. 1981. "The Focused Organization of Social Ties." American Journal of Sociology. 86:1015-1035.	
4	Oct. 2	Describing Networks	Kadushin, Charles. 2012. Making Connections: An Introduction to Social Networks Concepts, Theories and Findings. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Chapters 2-4.	
5	Oct. 9	Social Support and Community	Wellman, Barry. "The Community Question: The Intimate Network of East Yorkers. American Journal of Sociology. 84:1201-1231 Wellman, Barry and Scott Wortey.1990. "Different Strokes from Different Folks: Community Ties and Social Support" American Journal of Sociology. 96:558-88 McPherson, Miller, Lynn Smith-Lovin and Matthew E. Brashears. 2006. "Social Isolation in America: Changes in Core Discussion Networks Over Two Decades." 71:353-375	
6	Oct. 16	Social Networks and Health	DUE: Personal Networks Assignment Cohen, S., Brissette, I., Doyle, W. J., & Skoner, D. P. 2000. Social Integration and Health: The Case of the Common Cold. Journal of Social Structure 1(3). Carrell, S., Hoekstra, M., West, J., 2011. Is poor fitness contagious? Evidence from randomly assigned friends. Journal of Public Economics. 95:657-63	

7	Oct. 23	Networks, Capital and Inequality	Coleman, James S. 1988. "Social Capital in the Creation of Human Capital." American Journal of Sociology. 94: S95-S120
			Harding, David J. 2009. "Violence, Older Peers, and the Socialization of Adolescent Boys in Disadvantaged Neighborhoods" American Sociological Review 74:445-464
			Stack. Carol. 1970. "All Our Kin". New York: Harper. Chapters 3 and 6.
8	Oct. 30	Test #1	
9	Nov. 6	Social Networks and Work	Granovetter, Mark. 1973. "The Strength of Weak Ties". American Journal of Sociology. 78:1360-1380.
	No		Bian, Yanjie. 1997. "Bringing Strong Ties Back In: Indirect Ties, Network Bridges, and Job Searches in China." American Sociological Review 62:266-285.
			Fernandez, Roberto M. and Nancy Weinberg. 1997. Sifting and Sorting: Personal Contacts and Hiring in a Retail Bank. American Sociological Review. 62:883-902
10	Nov. 20	Social Networks and Immigration	Roth, Wendy. Forthcoming. "In and Out of the Ethnic Economy: A Longitudinal Analysis of Ethnic Networks and Pathways to Economic Success Among Immigrant Categories." International Migration Review.
			Fong, Eric. 2010. "Out of Sight, Out of Mind? Patterns of Transnational Contact Among Chinese and Indian Immigrants in Toronto. 25:428-449
11	Nov. 27	Social Networks and Crime	Warr, Mark. 1996. Organization and Instigation in Delinquent Groups. Criminology 34:11-37
			Haynie, Dana and D. Wayne Osgood. 2005. Reconsidering Peers and Delinquency: How do Peers Matter?. Social Forces. 84:1109-30
			Browning, Christopher, Seth Feinberg and Robert Dietz. 2004. The Paradox of Social Organization: Networks, Collective Efficacy, and Violent Crime in Urban Neighborhoods. Social Forces 83:503-534

12	Dec. 4	Social Networks,	DUE: Research Proposal
			Gladwell, Malcolm. 2000. The Tipping Point. Boston: Little, Brown and Company. Chapters 1-2

COURSE POLICIES

Attendance and Preparation:

Attendance is required. Students are responsible for all material presented in class. Students who are unable to attend class on a given day are responsible for obtaining from their classmates notes on all material covered as well as information regarding any administrative announcements that may have been made. Students are expected to complete all assigned readings in advance of the class period for which they are assigned.

Course Web Site:

The course website prepared on the Blackboard system will contain the course syllabus, all handouts, links of interest, and course announcements. Students are responsible for the content of all course materials. Discussion boards have been enabled on the course web site. All students using these boards are expected to behave respectfully towards their classmates and towards the professor and TA on these boards.

Email:

When emailing your professor or TA, you must use your utoronto.ca address, as this is the only address we can be sure is yours. Please also be sure to include "SOC355" in the subject line. All students are responsible for checking their official utoronto.ca email addresses regularly, including the evening before class.

Use of Writing Centres:

All students are encouraged to use their available writing centres. Writing tutors provide help you to think through your ideas, develop a thesis, organize your paper, present your evidence effectively, argue logically, and express yourself more clearly and concisely. Proofreading and copyediting for spelling, grammar, or format are *not* within the primary scope of the writing centres' services.

Accessibility

The University of Toronto is committed to accessibility. If you require accommodations or have any accessibility concerns, please visit http://studentlife.utoronto.ca/accessibility as soon as possible.

Academic Offences:

Academic integrity is fundamental to learning and scholarship at the University of Toronto. Participating honestly, respectfully, responsibly, and fairly in this academic community ensures that the U of T degree that you earn will be valued as a true indication of your individual academic achievement, and will continue to receive the respect and recognition it deserves.

Familiarize yourself with the University of Toronto's *Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters* (http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies/behaveac.htm). It is the rule book for academic behaviour at the U of T, and you are expected to know the rules. Potential offences include, but are not limited to:

In papers and assignments:

- Using someone else's ideas or words without appropriate acknowledgement.
- Copying material word-for-word from a source (including lecture and study group notes) and not placing the words within quotation marks.
- Submitting your own work in more than one course without the permission of the instructor.
- Making up sources or facts.
- Including references to sources that you did not use.
- Obtaining or providing unauthorized assistance on any assignment including
 - working in groups on assignments that are supposed to be individual work,
 - having someone rewrite or add material to your work while "editing".
- Lending your work to a classmate who submits it as his/her own without your permission.

On tests and exams:

- Using or possessing any unauthorized aid, including a cell phone.
- Looking at someone else's answers
- Letting someone else look at your answers.
- Misrepresenting your identity.
- Submitting an altered test for re-grading.

Misrepresentation:

- Falsifying or altering any documentation required by the University, including doctor's notes.
- Falsifying institutional documents or grades.

To remind you of these expectations, and help you avoid accidental offences, I will ask you to include a signed Academic Integrity Checklist with every assignment. If you do not include the statement, your work will not be graded.

The University of Toronto treats cases of academic misconduct very seriously. All suspected cases of academic dishonesty will be investigated following the procedures outlined in the *Code*. The consequences for academic misconduct can be severe, including a failure in the course and a notation on your transcript. If you have any questions about what is or is not permitted in this course, please do not hesitate to contact me. If you have questions about appropriate research and citation methods, seek out additional information from me, or from other available campus resources like the <u>U of T Writing Website</u>. If you are experiencing personal challenges that are having an impact on your academic work, please speak to me or seek the advice of your college registrar.

Late Assignments and Missed Tests

Unless otherwise specified, all assignments are due in hard copy at the beginning of class on due date provided. Late assignments will be penalized 10% for the first week and 3% per day thereafter, including weekends. Assignments uploaded to turnitin.com late will be penalized 1% per day.

Students who miss tests will be assigned a mark of 0. Students may, at the discretion of the **professor**, have an absence excused with proper documentation. You must also submit an original University of Toronto Student Medical Certificate completed by a doctor who treated you **on or before the day of the test.** The Student Medical Certificate is available on the University of Toronto's web site and may be completed by a Health Services physician or by your own physician: http://www.healthservice.utoronto.ca/pdfs/medcert.htm. No other medical certification will be accepted.

Documentation must be presented within one week of the missed test or assignment. Late documentation will not be accepted. Students with excused absences will write a make-up test.

Turnitin.com:

Students agree that by taking this course all required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to Turnitin.com for the detection of plagiarism. All submitted papers will be included as source documents in the Turnitin.com reference database solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of such papers. The terms that apply to the University's use of the Turnitin.com service are described on the Turnitin.com web site.

To register yourself in the course on turnitin.com you must first create an account if you haven't already done so. Then register in the course using the following:

Class ID: 54477486

Enrollment password: networksrock

Re-Grading Tests/Assignments

All requests for re-grading the term test or course assignment should be made to your TA within one week of the date when the test/assignment was returned to the class. A short memo that clearly states specific reasons to justify the request and backs up these reasons with evidence from your assignment must be submitted to your TA. No re-grading requests will be considered if the request is submitted more than one week after the test or assignment was returned to the class. This deadline applies to all students including those who missed the class when the test/assignment was returned and picked up his/her test/assignment at a later date. It is the responsibility of the student to pick up their tests/assignments on time in class.

STUDENT CONTACTS

You are responsible for all material presented in class, including announcements. If you are unable to attend class, you should obtain notes from a classmate. Write down the names and contact information for two of your classmates below so you'll have someone to contact if you need notes.

Name:
E-mail:
Phone:
Other (IM etc.):
Name:
E-mail:
Phone:
Other (IM etc.):